023COM011 – F – 23 – 8575

THIRD SEMESTER B.COM. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MARCH 2023

(NEP) (DSC – 1)

COMPANY ACCOUNTS – I

Time : 2 Hours] [Max. Marks : 60

Instructions : *1) Answer **all** the Sections as per **internal** choice.*

*2) Simple calculators are **allowed** to be used.*

*3) Question No. **11** (Case Study) is **compulsory**.*

SECTION – A

Answer **any five** of the following : **(5×2=10)**

1. a) What is company ?

b) What is Bonus share ?

c) Give any two benefits of Rights Issue.

d) What is managerial remuneration ?

e) Give the meaning of redemption of debentures.

f) What is debentures ?

g) State the types of reconstruction.

SECTION – B

Answer **any four** of the following : **(4×5=20)**

2. Write any five difference between Private Company and Public Company.

3. Arvi Company Ltd. issued 75000 shares of ₹ 10 each, of which the shares were underwritten as follows :

Mr. Ajay – 37500 shares

Mr. Arvind – 22500 shares

[P.T.O.

The public subscribed for 60000 shares which included marked applications as follows :

Mr. Ajay – 9000 shares

Mr. Arvind – 2250 shares

Determine the liability of each underwriter.

4. Vishwas Company issued 10000, 12% debentures of ₹ 100 each. Pass the journal entries in the following cases :
   a) If the debentures are issued at par and redeemable at par.
   b) If the debentures are issued at a premium of 10% and redeemable at par.
   c) If the debentures are issued at par and redeemable at a premium of 5%.
   d) If the debentures are issued at a discount of 5% and redeemable at par.
   e) If the debentures are issued at a discount of 5% and redeemable at a premium of 5%.

5. Suchitra and Company Ltd., suffered heavy losses. A scheme of reconstruction was adopted on the following terms :
   a) In cancellation of 40000 old shares of ₹ 10 each, the new shares issued were :
      i) New equity shares of ₹ 10 each to the extent of 4/8 of old shares and
      ii) 4% preference shares of ₹ 10 each to the extent of 3/8 of old shares.
   b) For the purpose of internal reconstruction, credit balances of general reserve ₹ 10,000 and profit and loss a/c of ₹ 5,000 were also applied.

c) The amount so available is to be utilised to write off Goodwill ₹ 20,000, preliminary expenses of ₹ 20,000 and also to reduce the values of furniture by ₹ 7,500 and debtors by ₹ 15,000.

Pass the journal entries for the above in the books of the Company.

6. Manjula and Company Ltd. was incorporated on 01-08-2021. It acquired a running business as from 01-04-2021. The information for the year ending 31-03-2022 was as under :

Particulars	**Amount**
Gross Profit	**4,00,000**
Expenses :	
Salaries	78,000
General expenses	18,000
Carriage outwards	30,000
Advertisement	40,000
Interest on debentures	12,000
Director's fees	8,000
Audit fees	9,000
Interest to vendors (upto 30th September 2021)	18,000
Depreciation	36,000
Total	**2,49,000**
Profit (Gross Profit – Expenses)	**1,51,000**

Sales upto 01-08-2021 were ₹ 4,00,000 and after 01-08-2021 ₹ 16,00,000.

Redraft the statement of Profit and Loss to show the profit prior to incorporation and after incorporation.

SECTION – C

Question No. **11** is **compulsory** (Case Study). Answer **any two** of the remaining questions. **(3×10=30)**

7. Explain the types of company.

8. Manoj Company Ltd. issued 10000 equity shares of ₹ 100 each, payable as to :

   On Application ₹ 20

   On Allotment ₹ 30

   On First call ₹ 30 and

   On Final call ₹ 20

   The applications received were for 15000 shares. The applications of 8000 shares were allotted in full. The applicants of 5000 shares were allotted the remaining 2000 shares proportionately and the remaining applications were rejected by the directors. The surplus money received on application is to be applied towards allotment money due.

   Pass the necessary entries assuming that all the money received.

9. Sumati Company Ltd. issued 20000 debentures of ₹ 100 each at a premium of ₹ 10 per debenture. The amount was payable as follows :

   On Application ₹ 20

   On Allotment ₹ 50 (including premium)

   On First call ₹ 30 and

   On Final call ₹ 10

   All the debentures were subscribed and the money was duly received.

   Pass the necessary journal entries and show the above items in Balance Sheet.

023COM011 – F – 23 – 8575

THIRD SEMESTER B.COM. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MARCH 2023
(NEP) (DSC – 1)
COMPANY ACCOUNTS – I

Time : 2 Hours] [Max. Marks : 60

Instructions : *1) Answer **all** the Sections as per **internal** choice.*
*2) Simple calculators are **allowed** to be used.*
*3) Question No. **11** (Case Study) is **compulsory**.*

SECTION – A

Answer **any five** of the following : **(5×2=10)**

1. a) What is company ?
   b) What is Bonus share ?
   c) Give any two benefits of Rights Issue.
   d) What is managerial remuneration ?
   e) Give the meaning of redemption of debentures.
   f) What is debentures ?
   g) State the types of reconstruction.

SECTION – B

Answer **any four** of the following : **(4×5=20)**

2. Write any five difference between Private Company and Public Company.

3. Arvi Company Ltd. issued 75000 shares of ₹ 10 each, of which the shares were underwritten as follows :

   Mr. Ajay – 37500 shares

   Mr. Arvind – 22500 shares

The public subscribed for 60000 shares which included marked applications as follows :

Mr. Ajay – 9000 shares

Mr. Arvind – 2250 shares

Determine the liability of each underwriter.

4. Vishwas Company issued 10000, 12% debentures of ₹ 100 each. Pass the journal entries in the following cases :
   a) If the debentures are issued at par and redeemable at par.
   b) If the debentures are issued at a premium of 10% and redeemable at par.
   c) If the debentures are issued at par and redeemable at a premium of 5%.
   d) If the debentures are issued at a discount of 5% and redeemable at par.
   e) If the debentures are issued at a discount of 5% and redeemable at a premium of 5%.

5. Suchitra and Company Ltd., suffered heavy losses. A scheme of reconstruction was adopted on the following terms :
   a) In cancellation of 40000 old shares of ₹ 10 each, the new shares issued were :
      i) New equity shares of ₹ 10 each to the extent of 4/8 of old shares and
      ii) 4% preference shares of ₹ 10 each to the extent of 3/8 of old shares.
   b) For the purpose of internal reconstruction, credit balances of general reserve ₹ 10,000 and profit and loss a/c of ₹ 5,000 were also applied.

P.T.O.

c) The amount so available is to be utilised to write off Goodwill ₹ 20,000, preliminary expenses of ₹ 20,000 and also to reduce the values of furniture by ₹ 7,500 and debtors by ₹ 15,000.

Pass the journal entries for the above in the books of the Company.

6. Manjula and Company Ltd. was incorporated on 01-08-2021. It acquired a running business as from 01-04-2021. The information for the year ending 31-03-2022 was as under :

Particulars	**Amount**
Gross Profit	**4,00,000**
Expenses :	
Salaries	78,000
General expenses	18,000
Carriage outwards	30,000
Advertisement	40,000
Interest on debentures	12,000
Director's fees	8,000
Audit fees	9,000
Interest to vendors (upto 30th September 2021)	18,000
Depreciation	36,000
Total	**2,49,000**
Profit (Gross Profit – Expenses)	**1,51,000**

Sales upto 01-08-2021 were ₹ 4,00,000 and after 01-08-2021 ₹ 16,00,000.

Redraft the statement of Profit and Loss to show the profit prior to incorporation and after incorporation.

2) Current Liabilities :			
	Trade Payables	3	15,50,000
	Total		**32,50,000**
II. **Assets :**			
1) Non-Current Assets :			
	Tangible Fixed Assets	4	20,00,000
	Intangible Fixed Assets	5	4,50,000
2) Current Assets :			
	Inventories (Stock)	6	7,80,000
	Cash and Cash Equivalents	7	20,000
	Total		**32,50,000**

Notes :		**Amount**
1) Share Capital :		
	200000 equity shares of ₹ 10 each	**20,00,000**
2) Reserves and Surplus :		
	Profit and Loss Account (Debit Balance)	(–) 2,00,000
	Preliminary Expenses	(–) 1,00,000
		(–) 3,00,000
3) Trade Payables :		
	Sundry creditors	14,50,000
	Bills Payable	1,00,000
		15,50,000
4) Tangible Fixed Assets :		
	Machinery	**20,00,000**

5) Intangible Fixed Assets :

Goodwill	4,00,000
Patents	50,000
	4,50,000

6) Inventories :

Stock	**7,80,000**

7) Cash and cash equivalents :

Cash on hand	**20,000**

Draft a suitable scheme for reduction of capital which would help the company to re-organise on the following basis :

a) To write off goodwill, loss balance, preliminary expenses and patents completely.

b) To depreciate machinery by 10%.

c) To reduce the value of stock to ₹ 7,30,000.

Also give the journal entries required to implement the above scheme and re-draft the Balance Sheet.

10. From the following information furnished by Umesh Trading Company, prepare Statement of Profit and Loss as per Schedule III, Part II of the Company's Act, 2013.

Particulars	**Amount**
Sale of goods	6,00,000
Sale of services	5,20,000
Excise duty	20,000
Interest income	60,000
Dividend income	30,000
Opening stock of raw material	2,00,000
Purchase of raw material	5,00,000
Closing stock of raw material	1,00,000
Purchase of stock in trade	1,20,000
Employees benefit cost	1,60,000
Depreciation	40,000
Profit on sale of fixed assets	20,000
Profit on sale of subsidiaries	40,000
Tax expenses	60,000

11. Case Study **(Compulsory)** :

The following is the Balance Sheet of Vikas Company Ltd., as on 31-03-2022.

Particulars	**Note**	**Amount**
I. **Equity and Liabilities :**		
1) Shareholders' Funds :		
Share Capital	1	20,00,000
Reserves and Surplus	2	(–) 3,00,000

2) Current Liabilities :			
	Trade Payables	3	15,50,000
	Total		**32,50,000**
II. **Assets :**			
1) Non-Current Assets :			
	Tangible Fixed Assets	4	20,00,000
	Intangible Fixed Assets	5	4,50,000
2) Current Assets :			
	Inventories (Stock)	6	7,80,000
	Cash and Cash Equivalents	7	20,000
	Total		**32,50,000**

Notes :

		Amount
1) Share Capital :		
	200000 equity shares of ₹ 10 each	**20,00,000**
2) Reserves and Surplus :		
	Profit and Loss Account (Debit Balance)	(–) 2,00,000
	Preliminary Expenses	(–) 1,00,000
		(–) 3,00,000
3) Trade Payables :		
	Sundry creditors	14,50,000
	Bills Payable	1,00,000
		15,50,000
4) Tangible Fixed Assets :		
	Machinery	**20,00,000**

5) Intangible Fixed Assets :

Goodwill	4,00,000
Patents	50,000
	4,50,000

6) Inventories :

Stock	**7,80,000**

7) Cash and cash equivalents :

Cash on hand	**20,000**

Draft a suitable scheme for reduction of capital which would help the company to re-organise on the following basis :

a) To write off goodwill, loss balance, preliminary expenses and patents completely.

b) To depreciate machinery by 10%.

c) To reduce the value of stock to ₹ 7,30,000.

Also give the journal entries required to implement the above scheme and re-draft the Balance Sheet.

023COM012 – F – 23 – 8576

THIRD SEMESTER B.COM. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MARCH 2023

(NEP) (DSC – 2)

COMPANY LAW AND SECRETARIAL PRACTICE

Time : 2 Hours] [Max. Marks : 60

Instructions : *1) Attempt **all** Sections according to internal choice.*

*2) Question No. **11** is **Compulsory**.*

SECTION – A

1. Answer **any five** questions of the following : **(5×2=10)**

   a) Define Company Secretary.

   b) What is unlimited company ?

   c) Who is a Proxy ?

   d) Who is a Managing Director ?

   e) What is Agenda of the Meeting ?

   f) Who is an auditor ?

   g) Expand :

      i) AGM

      ii) MOA.

SECTION – B

Answer **any four** questions of the following : **(4×5=20)**

2. Explain the statutory duties of Company Secretary.

3. Distinguish between Public Company and Private Company.

[P.T.O.

4. State any ten contents of Articles of Association.

5. Distinguish between Director and Managing Director.

6. Explain the various methods of ascertaining the sense of meeting.

SECTION – C

(3×10=3

Question No.**11** is **compulsory** and answer **any two** of the remaining.

7. Who is Company Secretary ? Write his qualifications and qualities.

8. Briefly explain different types of companies.

9. What is Memorandum of Association ? Briefly explain its contents.

10. What is Annual General Meeting ? Explain the duties of a secretary relating to Annual General Meeting.

11. Case study **(Compulsory)** :

a) Soumya Co.Ltd. has its Registered Office in Pune. Due to some reasons favourable to the company, the management wishes to shift its Registered Office to Germany.

Can the company be permitted to shift its Registered Office ? Discuss.

b) Miss Shanta is a Director of KATS Company Ltd. She requested her husband who is well known Management Consultant to attend the Company's Directors Meeting on behalf of her due to her some other work. Comment on issue.

ಕನ್ನಡ ಆವೃತ್ತಿ

ಸೂಚನೆಗಳು : *1)* ಆಂತರಿಕ ಆಯ್ಕೆಗನುಗುಣವಾಗಿ ಎಲ್ಲಾ ಮೂರು ವಿಭಾಗಗಳಿಗೆ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿರಿ.

2) ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ *11* ಕ್ಕೆ ಉತ್ತರಿಸುವುದು ಕಡ್ಡಾಯವಾಗಿರುತ್ತದೆ.

ವಿಭಾಗ – ಅ

1. ಯಾವುದಾದರೂ ಐದು ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿರಿ. **(5×2=10)**

a) ಕಂಪೆನಿಯ ಕಾರ್ಯದರ್ಶಿಯ ವ್ಯಾಖ್ಯೆ ನೀಡಿರಿ.

b) ಅನಿಯಮಿತ ಕಂಪೆನಿ ಎಂದರೇನು ?

c) ಬದಲು ಪ್ರತಿನಿಧಿ ಎಂದರೆ ಯಾರು ?

d) ವ್ಯವಸ್ಥಾಪಕ ನಿರ್ದೇಶಕ ಎಂದರೆ ಯಾರು ?

e) ಸಭೆಯ ಕಾರ್ಯಕ್ರಮ ಪಟ್ಟಿ ಎಂದರೇನು ?

f) ಲೆಕ್ಕ ಪರಿಶೋಧಕ ಎಂದರೆ ಯಾರು ?

g) ವಿಸ್ತರಿಸಿ :

i) AGM

ii) MOA.

ವಿಭಾಗ – ಬ

ಬೇಕಾದ ನಾಲ್ಕು ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿ. **(4×5=20)**

2. ಕಂಪೆನಿ ಕಾರ್ಯದರ್ಶಿಯ ಶಾಸನಬದ್ಧ ಕರ್ತವ್ಯಗಳನ್ನು ವಿವರಿಸಿ.

3. ಖಾಸಗಿ ಕಂಪೆನಿ ಮತ್ತು ಸಾರ್ವಜನಿಕ ಕಂಪೆನಿಯ ನಡುವಿನ ವ್ಯತ್ಯಾಸಗಳನ್ನು ತಿಳಿಸಿರಿ.

4. ಲಿಖಿತ ಕಟ್ಟಳೆಗಳ ಯಾವುದಾದರೂ ಹತ್ತು ಅಂಶಗಳನ್ನು ತಿಳಿಸಿರಿ.

5. ನಿರ್ದೇಶಕ ಮತ್ತು ವ್ಯವಸ್ಥಾಪಕ ನಿರ್ದೇಶಕ ಇವರ ನಡುವಿನ ವ್ಯತ್ಯಾಸಗಳನ್ನು ತಿಳಿಸಿರಿ.

6. ಸಭಾಭಿಪ್ರಾಯವನ್ನು ತಿಳಿದುಕೊಳ್ಳುವ ವಿವಿಧ ಮಾರ್ಗಗಳನ್ನು ವಿವರಿಸಿರಿ.

ವಿಭಾಗ – ಕ

11 ನೆಯ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆ ಕಡ್ಡಾಯವಾಗಿದೆ. ಉಳಿದವುಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಯಾವುದಾದರೂ ಎರಡು ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿರಿ.
(3×10=3

7. ಕಂಪೆನಿಯ ಕಾರ್ಯದರ್ಶಿ ಎಂದರೆ ಯಾರು ? ಅವನ ಅರ್ಹತೆ ಮತ್ತು ಗುಣಗಳನ್ನು ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.
8. ಕಂಪೆನಿಯ ವಿವಿಧ ಪ್ರಕಾರಗಳನ್ನು ಸಂಕ್ಷಿಪ್ತವಾಗಿ ವಿವರಿಸಿ.
9. ಮನವಿ ಪತ್ರ ಎಂದರೇನು ? ಅದರ ಅಂಶಗಳನ್ನು ಸಂಕ್ಷಿಪ್ತವಾಗಿ ವಿವರಿಸಿ.
10. ವಾರ್ಷಿಕ ಸಾಧಾರಣ ಸಭೆ ಎಂದರೇನು ? ಅದಕ್ಕೆ ಸಂಬಂಧಿಸಿದಂತೆ ಕಂಪೆನಿಯ ಕಾರ್ಯದರ್ಶಿಯ ವಿವಿಧ ಕರ್ತವ್ಯಗಳನ್ನು ವಿವರಿಸಿ.
11. ಪ್ರಕರಣ ಅಧ್ಯಯನ (ಕಡ್ಡಾಯ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆ):
    a) ಸೌಮ್ಯ ಕಂಪೆನಿ ನಿಯಮಿತ ತನ್ನ ಪ್ರಧಾನ ಕಾರ್ಯಾಲಯವನ್ನು ಪುಣೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಹೊಂದಿದೆ. ಕಂಪೆನಿಗೆ ಅನುಕೂಲವಾಗುವುದೆಂದು ಕಂಪೆನಿ ಪ್ರಧಾನ ಕಾರ್ಯಾಲಯವನ್ನು ಜರ್ಮನಿಗೆ ಸ್ಥಳಾಂತರಿಸಲು ಬಯಸುತ್ತದೆ. ಕಂಪೆನಿ ಕಾರ್ಯಾಲಯವನ್ನು ಹೀಗೆ ಸ್ಥಳಾಂತರಿಸಲು ಸಾಧ್ಯವಿದೆಯೇ ? ಚರ್ಚಿಸಿ.
    b) ಶ್ರೀಮತಿ ಶಾಂತಲು ಕ್ಯಾಟ್ಸ್ ಕಂಪೆನಿಯ ನಿರ್ದೇಶಕರಿದ್ದು, ಕಂಪೆನಿಯ ನಿರ್ದೇಶಕರ ಮಂಡಳಿಯ ಸಭೆಯ ದಿನದಂದು, ತಮ್ಮ ಖಾಸಗಿ ಕಾರ್ಯ ನಿಮಿತ್ತ, ತಮ್ಮ ಸ್ಥಳದಲ್ಲಿ ಅವಳ ಪತಿಯನ್ನು ಸಭೆಗೆ ಪ್ರತಿನಿಧಿಯೆಂದು ನೇಮಕ ಮಾಡಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಅವಳ ಪತಿಯು ವ್ಯವಸ್ಥಾಪನೆಯ ಪ್ರಸಿದ್ಧ ಸಲಹೆಗಾರರಿರುತ್ತಾರೆ. ಅವಳ ಪತಿಯು ಆ ಸಭೆಗೆ ಹಾಜರಾಗಬಹುದೇ ? ವಿಶ್ಲೇಷಿಸಿರಿ.

023COM013 – F – 23 – 8577

THIRD SEMESTER B.COM. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MARCH 2023
INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS (NEP) (DSC – 3)

Time : 2 Hours] [Max. Marks : 60

SECTION – A

ವಿಭಾಗ - ಅ

1. Answer **any five** of the following questions. **(5×2=10)**

ಈ ಕೆಳಗಿನವುಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಬೇಕಾದ ಐದು ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿರಿ.

a) What is import and export ?
ಆಮದು ಮತ್ತು ರಫ್ತು ಎಂದರೇನು ?

b) What is green field strategy ?
ಹಸಿರು ಕ್ಷೇತ್ರ ತಂತ್ರ ಎಂದರೇನು ?

c) What is International Trade ?
ಅಂತರ್‌ರಾಷ್ಟ್ರೀಯ ವ್ಯಾಪಾರ ಎಂದರೇನು ?

d) What is International economic environment ?
ಅಂತರ್‌ರಾಷ್ಟ್ರೀಯ ಆರ್ಥಿಕ ಪರಿಸರ ಎಂದರೇನು ?

e) What is globalisation ?
ಜಾಗತೀಕರಣ ಎಂದರೇನು ?

f) What is business research ?
ವ್ಯವಹಾರ ಸಂಶೋಧನೆ ಎಂದರೇನು ?

g) Expand KPO and BPO.
ಕೆಪಿಓ ಮತ್ತು ಬಿಪಿಓ ವಿಸ್ತರಿಸಿರಿ.

[P.T.O.

SECTION – B
ವಿಭಾಗ - ಬ

Answer **any four** of the following questions.
ಕೆಳಗಿನವುಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಯಾವುದಾದರೂ **ನಾಲ್ಕು** ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿರಿ. (4×5=

2. Give reasons, why business go international ?
   ವ್ಯವಹಾರವು ಅಂತರ್‌ರಾಷ್ಟ್ರೀಯ ಮಟ್ಟದಲ್ಲಿ ಏಕೆ ಹೋಗುತ್ತದೆ ಎಂಬುದಕ್ಕೆ ಕಾರಣಗಳನ್ನು ನೀಡಿ

3. Explain factor proportional theory.
   ಅಂಶ ಅನುಪಾತದ ಸಿದ್ಧಾಂತವನ್ನು ವಿವರಿಸಿರಿ.

4. Explain the factors of social environment and impact on International business.
   ಅಂತರ್‌ರಾಷ್ಟ್ರೀಯ ವ್ಯವಹಾರದ ಮೇಲೆ ಸಾಮಾಜಿಕ ಪರಿಸರದ ಅಂಶಗಳು ಹಾಗೂ ಪರಿಣಾಮವನ್ನು ಸಂಕ್ಷಿಪ್ತವಾಗಿ ವಿವರಿಸಿರಿ.

5. Explain in brief, features of MNC.
   ಬಹುರಾಷ್ಟ್ರೀಯ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆಗಳ ಗುಣಲಕ್ಷಣಗಳನ್ನು ವಿವರಿಸಿರಿ.

6. Explain the international marketing mix.
   ಅಂತರ್‌ರಾಷ್ಟ್ರೀಯ ಮಾರುಕಟ್ಟೆ ಪ್ರಕ್ರಿಯೆಯ ಮಿಶ್ರಣವನ್ನು ವಿವರಿಸಿರಿ.

SECTION – C
ವಿಭಾಗ - ಕ

Answer **any three** of the following. Q. No. **11** is **compulsory**. (3×10=30)
ಯಾವುದಾದರೂ **ಮೂರಕ್ಕೆ** ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿರಿ. ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆ **11** ಕಡ್ಡಾಯ.

7. Define international business. Explain the difference between domestic business and international business.
   ಅಂತರ್‌ರಾಷ್ಟ್ರೀಯ ವ್ಯವಹಾರವನ್ನು ವ್ಯಾಖ್ಯಾನಿಸಿ. ದೇಶೀಯ ಮತ್ತು ಅಂತರ್‌ರಾಷ್ಟ್ರೀಯ ವ್ಯವಹಾರಗಳ ನಡುವಿನ ವ್ಯತ್ಯಾಸಗಳನ್ನು ವಿವರಿಸಿರಿ.

8. Write a note on :

   1) Absolute cost advantage theory

   2) Comparative cost advantage theory.

   ಟಿಪ್ಪಣಿ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ :

   1) ಮುಕ್ತ ವೆಚ್ಚದ ಅನುಕೂಲ ಸಿದ್ಧಾಂತ

   2) ತುಲನಾತ್ಮಕ ವೆಚ್ಚ ಪ್ರಯೋಜನದ ಸಿದ್ಧಾಂತ.

9. What is demographic environment ? Explain its impact on international business.

   ಜನಾಂಗೀಯ ಪರಿಸರ ಎಂದರೇನು ? ಅಂತರ್‌ರಾಷ್ಟ್ರೀಯ ವ್ಯವಹಾರದ ಮೇಲೆ ಅದರ ಪ್ರಭಾವವನ್ನು ವಿವರಿಸಿರಿ.

10. What is international business research and explain its objectives.

    ಅಂತರ್‌ರಾಷ್ಟ್ರೀಯ ವ್ಯವಹಾರ ಸಂಶೋಧನೆ ಎಂದರೇನು ? ಅದರ ಉದ್ದೇಶಗಳನ್ನು ವಿವರಿಸಿರಿ.

11. Case Study (**compulsory**) :

    ಪ್ರಕರಣ ಅಧ್ಯಯನ (**ಕಡ್ಡಾಯ**) :

    External Affairs Minister of India wants to attract MNCs to India. He wants your suggestions regarding the entry of MNCs to India.

    In view of this answer the following :

    a) What are the merits of MNCs ?

    b) What are the demerits of MNCs ?

    ಭಾರತದ ವಿದೇಶಾಂಗ ವ್ಯವಹಾರದ ಸಚಿವರು ಭಾರತಕ್ಕೆ ಬಹುರಾಷ್ಟ್ರೀಯ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆಗಳನ್ನು ಆಕರ್ಷಿಸಲು ಉದ್ದೇಶಿಸಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಇದಕ್ಕೆ ಸಂಬಂಧಿಸಿದಂತೆ ತಮ್ಮ ಸಲಹೆಗಳನ್ನು ಈ ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಅಂಶಗಳಿಗೆ ಸಂಬಂಧಿಸಿದಂತೆ ಅಪೇಕ್ಷಿಸಿದ್ದಾರೆ.

    ಅ) ಬಹುರಾಷ್ಟ್ರೀಯ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆಗಳ ಅನುಕೂಲತೆಗಳು ಯಾವುವು ?

    ಬ) ಬಹುರಾಷ್ಟ್ರೀಯ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆಗಳ ಅನಾನುಕೂಲತೆಗಳು ಯಾವುವು ?

023ENG041 – F – 23 – 8569

THIRD SEMESTER B.COM./B.COM. (CS)/B.B.A. (NEP) DEGREE
EXAMINATION, MARCH 2023
AECC : ENGLISH – III
Generic English – 3
Text : The Tempest

Time : 2 Hours] [Max. Marks : 60

PART – A

Directions : **1** to **6** carry **2** marks **each**. (Answer **any 5** of the following) **(5×2=10)**

1. How did Gonzalo help Prospero ?
2. Where had the noblemen been before being caught in the tempest ?
3. How does Prospero punish Caliban ?
4. What is Ferdinand tasked with ?
5. Who raises the tempest and why ?
6. Who is the brave god according to Caliban and why ?

PART – B

Directions : Question numbers **7** to **11** carry **5** marks **each**. (Answer **any 4** questions as directed) **(4×5=20)**

7. "Thy father was the Duke of Melan
   A prince of power" ...... (Write references to context for this statement).

8. 'Work not so hard !' "My Father is hard at study"
   (Write reference to context for the statement)
9. What is public speaking ? How does a speaker organise the spee
10. Write a note on the use of audio-visual aids in the presentation of speech.
11. Write a letter regarding the order of office furniture to 'Pristine Furniture' Dharwad.

PART – C

Directions : Question numbers **12** to **15** carry **10** marks **each**. (Answe **3** of the following questions in **200** to **250** words **each**) (3×1

12. Examine the plot of 'The Tempest'.
13. Attempt a character sketch of Miranda.
14. Write an essay on role of youth in clean politics.
15. Write as directed :
    a) Draft a resume for the post of HR manager.
    b) Draft a product for a newly launched laptop.

023KAN041 – F – 23 – 8570

THIRD SEMESTER B.COM./B.B.A./B.COM. (CS) DEGREE
EXAMINATION, MARCH 2023
(NEP)

KANNADA (ಅವಶ್ಯಕ ಕನ್ನಡ)

AECC – ಕನ್ನಡ ಭಾಷಾ ಪಠ್ಯ ಮಲಪ್ರಭಾ – 3

Time : 2 Hours] [Max. Marks : 60

ಸೂಚನೆ : ಭಾಷೆ ಮತ್ತು ಬರಹಗಳ ಶುದ್ಧತೆಗೆ ಗಮನ ಕೊಡಲಾಗುವುದು.

ಬೇಕಾದ ಐದಕ್ಕೆ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿ :

1. ನಲವಡಿ ಶ್ರೀಕಂಠಶಾಸ್ತ್ರಿಗಳ ಸ್ನೇಹಿತ ಯಾರು ? ಅವರು ಏನೆಂದು ಖ್ಯಾತರಾಗಿದ್ದರು ?
2. 'ಎಚ್ ಲಕ್ಷ್ಮೀನರಸಿಂಹ' ಯಾರಿಗಾಗಿ 'ಸಂಸಾರ ನೌಕೆ' ಎಂಬ ನಾಟಕ ಬರೆದರು ? ಅದು ಪ್ರಕಟವಾದ ವರ್ಷ ತಿಳಿಸಿ.
3. ಡಾ. ಎ. ನಾರಾಯಣ ಅವರು ಸಲಹೆಗಾರರಾಗಿ, ಸದಸ್ಯರಾಗಿ ಸೇವೆ ಸಲ್ಲಿಸಿದ ಎರಡು ಸಮಿತಿಗಳಾವುವು ?
4. ಡಾ. ಬಿ. ಆರ್. ಹಿರೇಮಠ ಅವರು ಜನಿಸಿದ ಊರು ಮತ್ತು ವರ್ಷ ಯಾವುದು ?
5. 'ಸಂತೆ' ಕವಿತೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಕವಿಯ ಅಭಿಪ್ರಾಯದಂತೆ ಮಾರಾಟವಾಗುವವರು ಯಾರು ಯಾರು ?
6. ವಿಚಾರಣಾ ಪತ್ರದ ಎರಡು ವಿಧಗಳಾವುವು ? **(5×2=10)**

ಬೇಕಾದ ನಾಲ್ಕಕ್ಕೆ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿ :

7. ಕರ್ನಾಟಕದ ಕುಲಚಂದ್ರ, ನಲವಡಿ ಶ್ರೀಕಂಠಶಾಸ್ತ್ರಿಗಳು.
8. 'ಸಂಸಾರ ನೌಕೆ'.

[P.T.O.

9. 'ತಾಳ ಮದ್ದಳೆ' ಎಂಬ ಮಾತಿನ ಕಲೆ.

10. ಪ್ರಾಚೀನ ಮತ್ತು ಮಧ್ಯಕಾಲೀನ ಕರ್ನಾಟಕದ ಮಾರಾಟ ಸುಂಕಗಳು.

(4×5=2

11. ಸಿದ್ಧಲಿಂಗಯ್ಯ .

ಬೇಕಾದ ಮೂರಕ್ಕೆ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿ.

1. 'ದೇಹ ಸರಕಾಗುವುದು ಬೇಡ' ಲೇಖನದಲ್ಲಿ ವ್ಯಕ್ತವಾದ ವಿಚಾರಗಳನ್ನು ವಿಶ್ಲೇಷಿಸಿ.
2. 'ಬೆಂಕಿ ಮಳೆ' ಕತೆಯಲ್ಲಿಯ ಧಾರ್ಮಿಕ ಮತ್ತು ಕೌಟುಂಬಿಕ ತಾಕಲಾಟಗಳನ್ನು ವಿವರಿಸಿ.
3. ಬೇಕಾದ ಎರಡು ವ್ಯವಹಾರ ಪತ್ರಗಳ ಕುರಿತು ವಿವರಿಸಿ. ಅವುಗಳಿಗೆ ಮಾದರಿ ಪತ್ರ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

(3×10=3

4. ಮಂಜಮ್ಮ ಜೋಗತಿಯ ಜೀವನ ಕಥನ ವಿವರಿಸಿ.

Revised) ... arree

(Pages : 4)

003ECO051—FEB 2023—8522

THIRD SEMESTER B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, FEBRUARY 2023

(NEP-OEC)

Economics

MACRO ECONOMICS

...e : Two Hours

Maximum : 60 Marks

Attempt all **three** *sections.*
Section A should be answered continuously.
Draw diagrams wherever necessary.

Section A

Answer any **five** *questions in two* **or** *three sentences each.*
Each question carries 2 marks.

1. Write the meaning of Macro Economics.
2. If M = Rs. 1000 V = 2 T = 500 units. Calculate P.
3. State the meaning of effective demand.
4. What is Investment function ?
5. If $MPC = \frac{1}{4}$ calculate value of multiplicant (K).
6. What is Inflation ?

(5 × 2 = 10 marks)

Section B

Answer any **four** *of the following questions.*
Each question carries 5 marks.

7. Explain the methods of estimation of National Income.
8. Describe the components of supply of money.
9. Discuss the factors affecting the psychological law of consumption.
10. Explain causes for inflation.
11. Describe the leakages of multiplicate.

(4 × 5 = 20 marks)

Turn over

Section C

Answer any **three** *of the following questions.*
Each question carries 10 *marks.*

12. State the steps required for construction of consumer price index number. consumer price index numbers by using following data :—

S.No.	Commodities	Price in Base Year (Rs.)	Price in Current yea
1	Jawar	10	20
2	Sugar	20	60
3	Edible oil	15	60
4	House Rent	200	800
5	Milk	10	40

13. Explain Marshalthan approach in cash balance version.
14. Describe the Say's law of market.
15. Elucidate the phases of trade cycle.

(3 × 10 = 30